



Introduction

Autocare chemicals are a dynamically growing segment of the industrial and consumer cleaning sector. The used products satisfy the requirements of both the users who prefer to clean their cars on their own and the car cleaning and maintenance companies with hand or automatic car wash points.

The autocare sector requires the use of many specialised cleaning mixtures and vehicle maintenance agents. The ingredients used for such mixtures are based on:

- Level of product sophistication
- Application: hand or automatic car washes
- The role of a particular ingredient
- Economical aspect
- Compatibility of ingredients
- Legal regulations

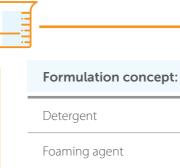
In the car cleaning and care segment, apart from the well-known and conventional products, there are also preparations with properties suiting current market trends and growing customer requirements. They contain various advanced components fulfilling certain functions in the formulation. They make the finished products highly efficient and effective.

Below we present some car cleaning and care sample formulations. They are based on high-quality raw materials and chemical additives made at the PCC EXOL SA plants, the manufacturer of a wide range of industrial surfactants.

www.products.pcc.eu



Car shampoo



Foam stabliliser

Alkalising agent

Complexing agent

Auxiliary additives



Sample formulation:	
ABSNa 30	27.0%
SULFOROKAnol L227/1	10.0%
ROKAmina K40HC	5.0%
Sodium carbonate	2.0%
Sodium metasilicate	3.0%
EXOlat MC60	2.0%
Water	up to 100%
<u> </u>	





Automatic car body rinse aid



Formulation concept:

Foaming agent

Foam stabilizer

Antistatic agent

Rinse aid agent

Solvent

Drying agent

Auxiliary additives



Sample formulation:

SULFOROKAnol L270/1	5.0%
ROKAmina K40HC	10.0%
ROKAmin K15K (or Rokamin K15)	1.0%
ROKAmid KAD/2A	5.0%
EXOlat MC60	4.0%
Triethanolamine	for pH 7
Water	up to 100%

Paste for chromed parts



Formulation concept:

Solvent

Emulsifier

Foaming agent

Detergent

Wetting agent

Drying agent

Auxiliary additives



Sample formulation:

Dearomatized mixture of short-chained hydrocarbons 30.0%

ROKwin 80

ROKAnol® NL9

ROKAnol® IT9

Water

2.0%

up to 100%

10.0%

5.0%



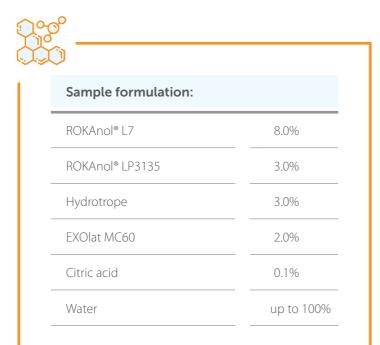


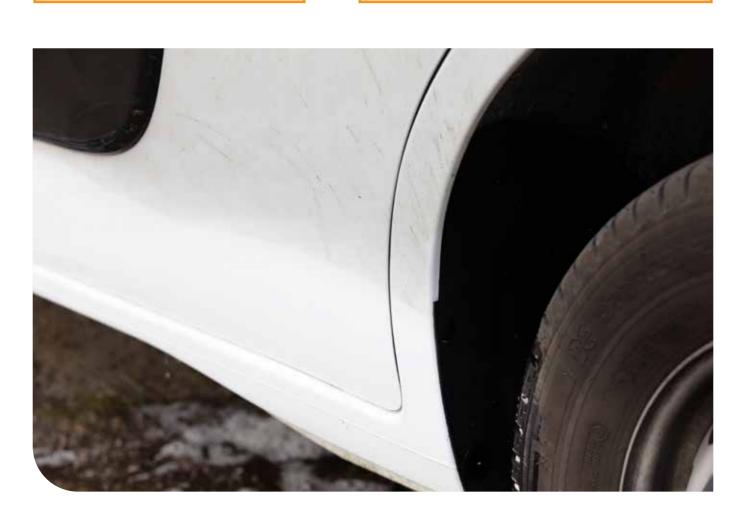


Traffic film remover



Formulation concept: Detergent Wetting agent Foaming agent Solubilizer (hydrotrope) Complexing agent Antistatic agent Auxiliary additives





Bloody rim



Formulation concept:
Complexing agent
Thickener
Detergent
Wetting agent
Foaming agent
Auxiliary additives



Sample formulation:	
Sodium mercaptoacetate	30.0%
ROKAmid KAD/2A	2.0%
ROKAnol® NL9	4.0%
ROKAnol® IT9	5.0%
SULFOROKAnol L270/1	5.0%
Water	up to 100%





Roles of surfactants in vehicle cleaning and maintenance preparations



Thickener





Solubilizer (hydrotrope)







Foaming agent







Detergent







Wetting agent

Drying agent





Antistatic agent

Antifoaming agent



Emulsifier – easier oil and water phases connection

Product name	Chemical structure	CAS	Freezing point	Acid resistance	HLB
ROKAnol NL9	Alcohols, C9-C11, ethoxylated	68439-46-3	15°C	HCI - 225 ml/l (25% acid - max. Laboratory-tested resistance) H ₂ SO ₄ (VI) - 225 ml/l (25% acid - max. Laboratory-tested resistance)	14.1
ROKAnol K18	Alcohols, C16-18 even and C18-unsaturated, ethoxylated	68920-66-1	35°C	HCI - 225 ml/l (25% acid - max. Laboratory-tested resistance) H ₂ SO ₄ (VI) - 225 ml/l (25% acid - max.Laboratory-tested resistance)	15.8
ROKwin 80	1.4-sorbitan monooleate	1338-43-8	-14°C	_	4.3
EXOemul OM4	Mixture of surfactants	Mixture of surfactants	<-20℃	HCl – Lack of resistance in the tested range	_
ROKAnol IT7	Alcohols, C13, branched, ethoxylated	69011-36-5	2°C	HCl – Lack of resistance in the tested range	12.1
ROKAcet R26	Ricinus oil, ethoxylated	61791-12-6	0°C	H ₂ SO ₄ (VI) - 140 ml/I	_
ROKAcet R40	Ricinus oil, ethoxylated	61791-12-6	21°C	H ₂ SO ₄ (VI) - 225 ml/l (25% acid - max. Laboratory-tested resistance)	_

HCI (hydrochloric acid) and H₂SO₄ (sulphuric acid(VI)): acid test concentration is 25% (10 ml/I is the minimum tested quantity of hydrochloric acid solution in the product, 225 ml/I is the maximum tested quantity of acid in the product)

Solubilizer (hydrotropic solubilization) - increased water solubility of ingredients

Product name	Chemical structure	CAS	Freezing point	Alkali resistance	Acid resistance
ROKAmin K15K	Ethoxylated and quaternized fatty amine	68989-03-7	<0	NaOH - 140 g/l	HCl - 225 ml/l (25% acid - max. Laboratory-tested resistance) H ₂ SO ₄ (VI) - 225 ml/l (25% acid - max. Laboratory-tested resistance)
EXOtrope CS	Ethoxylated and quaternized fatty amine	68989-03-7	-19	NaOH - 140 g/l	HCI - 225 ml/l (25% acid - max. Laboratory-t sted resistance) H ₂ SO ₄ (VI) - 225 ml/l (25% acid - max. Laboratory-tested resistance)

NaOH (sodium hydroxide): tested hydroxide concentration: 30% (10 g/l is the minimum tested quantity of NaOH solution in the product, 390 g/l is the maximum tested quantity of NaOH solution in the product)

HCI (hydrochloric acid) and H_2SO_4 (sulphuric acid(VI)): acid test concentration is 25% (10 ml/l is the minimum tested quantity of hydrochloric acid solution in the product, 225 ml/l is the maximum tested quantity of acid in the product)



Thickener - increased formulation viscosity

Product name	Chemical structure	CAS	Freezing point	Alkali resistance	Acid resistance
ROKAmid KAD/2A	Amides, C8-18 (even) and C18 unsaturated, N,N-bis(hydroxyethyl)	68155-07-7	6	Lack of resistance in the tested concentra- tion range	HCl - 225 ml/l (25% acid - max. Laboratory-tested resistance) H ₃ SO ₄ (VI) - 225 ml/l (25% acid - max. Laboratory-tested resistance)
ROKamid RAD	Amides, C16-18 (even) and C18 unsaturated, N,N-bis(hydroxyethyl)	68603-38-3	4	Lack of resistance in the tested concentra- tion range of NaOH	_
SULFOROKAnol L270/1	Alcohols, C12-C14, ethoxylated (<2.5 TE), sulphated, sodium salts	68891-38-3	10	NaOH - 20 g/l	HCI - 100 ml/l H ₂ SO ₄ (VI) - 140 ml/l

NaOH (sodium hydroxide): tested hydroxide concentration: 30% (10 g/l is the minimum tested quantity of NaOH solution in the product, 390 g/l is the maximum tested quantity of NaOH solution in the product)

Foaming agent - improved formulation foaming properties



Product name	Chemical structure	CAS	Freezing point	Alkali resistance	Acid resistance	Ross-Miles foaming power - 1 g/l of active substance after 180 s - demi water	Ross-Miles foaming power - 1 g/l of active substance after 180 s - hard water
ROSUfan D	Sodium salt of sulphated decyl alcohol	142-87-0	0	NaOH - 90 g/l	HCl - 140 ml/l Sulphuric(VI) acid - 225 ml/l (25% acid - max. Laboratory-tested resistance)	220 ml	380 ml
ROSULfan A	Ammonium salt of sulphated lauryl alcohol	90583-11-2	Approx. 0	NaOH - 30 g/l	HCl - 120 ml/l Sulphuric(VI) acid - 225 ml/l (25% acid - max. Laboratory-tested resistance)	420 ml (5 g/l)	60 ml (5 g/l)
ROSULfan L	Sodium salt of sulphated lauryl alcohol	85586-07-8	Approx. 0	NaOH - 20 g/l	HCl - 120 ml/l Sulphuric(VI) acid - 140 ml/l	180 ml	30 ml
ROKAmina K40HC	1-Propanaminium, 3-amino-N-(carboxymethylo)-N,N-dimethyl-, even N-C8-18-acyl derivatives, hydroxides, inert salts	61789-40-0	-15	NaOH - 200 g/l	HCl - 225 ml/l (25% acid - max. Laboratory-te- sted resistance) Sulphuric(VI) acid - 225 ml/l (25% acid - max. Laboratory-tested resistance)	320 ml	310 ml
SULFOROKAnol L270/1	Alcohols, C12-C14, ethoxylated (<2.5 TE), sulphated, sodium salts	68891-38-3	10	NaOH - 20 g/l	HCl - 100 ml/l Sulphuric(VI) acid - 140 ml/l	350 ml	420 ml

NaOH (sodium hydroxide): tested hydroxide concentration: 30% ($10\ g/l$ is the minimum tested quantity of NaOH solution in the product, $390\ g/l$ is the maximum tested quantity of NaOH solution in the product)

HCI (hydrochloric acid) and H₂SO₄ (sulphuric acid(VI)): acid test concentration is 25% (10 ml/l is the minimum tested quantity of hydrochloric acid solution in the product, 225 ml/l is the maximum tested quantity of acid in the product)

HCI (hydrochloric acid) and H₂SO₄ (sulphuric acid(VI)): acid test concentration is 25% (10 ml/l is the minimum tested quantity of hydrochloric acid solution in the product, 225 ml/l is the maximum tested quantity of acid in the product)



Foaming agent - improved foaming properties

Product name	Chemical structure	CAS	Freezing point	Alkali resistance	Acid resistance	Ross-Miles foaming power - 1 g/l of active substance after 180 s - demi water	Ross-Miles foaming power - 1 g/l of active substance after 180 s - hard water
SULFOROKAnol L227/1	Alcohols, C12-C14, ethoxylated (<2.5 TE), sulphated, sodium salts	68891-38-3	0	NaOH - 20 g/l	HCI - 100 ml/l Sulphuric(VI) acid - 130 ml/l	350 ml	420 ml
EXOcon B27	Mixture of surfactants	Mixture of surfactants	-3	NaOH - 20 g/l	HCI - 100 ml/l Sulphuric(VI) acid - 130 ml/l	240 ml	250 ml
EXOclean APC	Mixture of surfactants	Mixture of surfactants	0	NaOH - 10 g/l	HCI - 100 ml/l Sulphuric(VI) acid - 130 ml/l	240 ml	250 ml
ROKAnol NL9	Alcohols, C9-C11, ethoxylated	68439-46-3	15	NaOH - 90 g/l	HCI - 225 ml/l (25% acid - max. Laboratory-tested resistance) Sulphuric(VI) acid - 225 ml/l (25% acid - max. Laboratory-tested resistance)	220 ml	220 ml
ROKAnol NL12W/80	Alcohols, C9-C11, ethoxylated	68439-46-3	-13	NaOH - 80 g/l	HCI - 225 ml/l (25% acid - max. Laboratory-tested resistance) Sulphuric(VI) acid - 225 ml/l (25% acid - max. Laboratory-tested resistance)	230 ml	230 ml
ROKAnol L7	Alcohols, C12-14, ethoxylated	68439-50-9	10	NaOH - 50 g/l	HCI - 225 ml/l (25% acid - max. Laboratory-tested resistance) Sulphuric(VI) acid - 225 ml/l (25% acid - max. Laboratory-tested resistance)	250 ml	250 ml
ROKAnol L10/80	Alcohols, C12-14, ethoxylated	68439-50-9	2	NaOH - 90 g/l	HCI - 225 ml/l (25% acid - max. Laboratory-tested resistance) Sulphuric(VI) acid - 225 ml/l (25% acid - max. Laboratory-tested resistance)	240 ml	240 ml

 $NaOH \ (sodium \ hydroxide): tested \ hydroxide \ concentration: 30\% \ (10 \ g/l) \ is \ the \ minimum \ tested \ quantity \ of \ NaOH \ solution \ in \ the \ product, 390 \ g/l \ is \ the \ maximum \ tested \ quantity \ of \ NaOH \ solution \ in \ the \ product, 390 \ g/l \ is \ the \ maximum \ tested \ quantity \ of \ NaOH \ solution \ in \ the \ product, 390 \ g/l \ is \ the \ maximum \ tested \ quantity \ of \ NaOH \ solution \ in \ the \ product, 390 \ g/l \ is \ the \ maximum \ tested \ quantity \ of \ NaOH \ solution \ in \ the \ product, 390 \ g/l \ is \ the \ maximum \ tested \ quantity \ of \ NaOH \ solution \ in \ the \ product, 390 \ g/l \ is \ the \ maximum \ tested \ quantity \ of \ NaOH \ solution \ in \ the \ product, 390 \ g/l \ is \ the \ maximum \ tested \ quantity \ of \ NaOH \ solution \ in \ the \ product, 390 \ g/l \ is \ the \ maximum \ tested \ quantity \ of \ NaOH \ solution \ in \ the \ product, 390 \ g/l \ is \ the$

HCI (hydrochloric acid) and H_2SO_4 (sulphuric acid(VI)): tested acid concentration is 25% (10 ml/l is the minimum tested quantity of hydrochloric acid solution in the product, 225 ml/l is the maximum tested quantity of acid in the product)





Detergent - surface cleaning, reduced surface tension

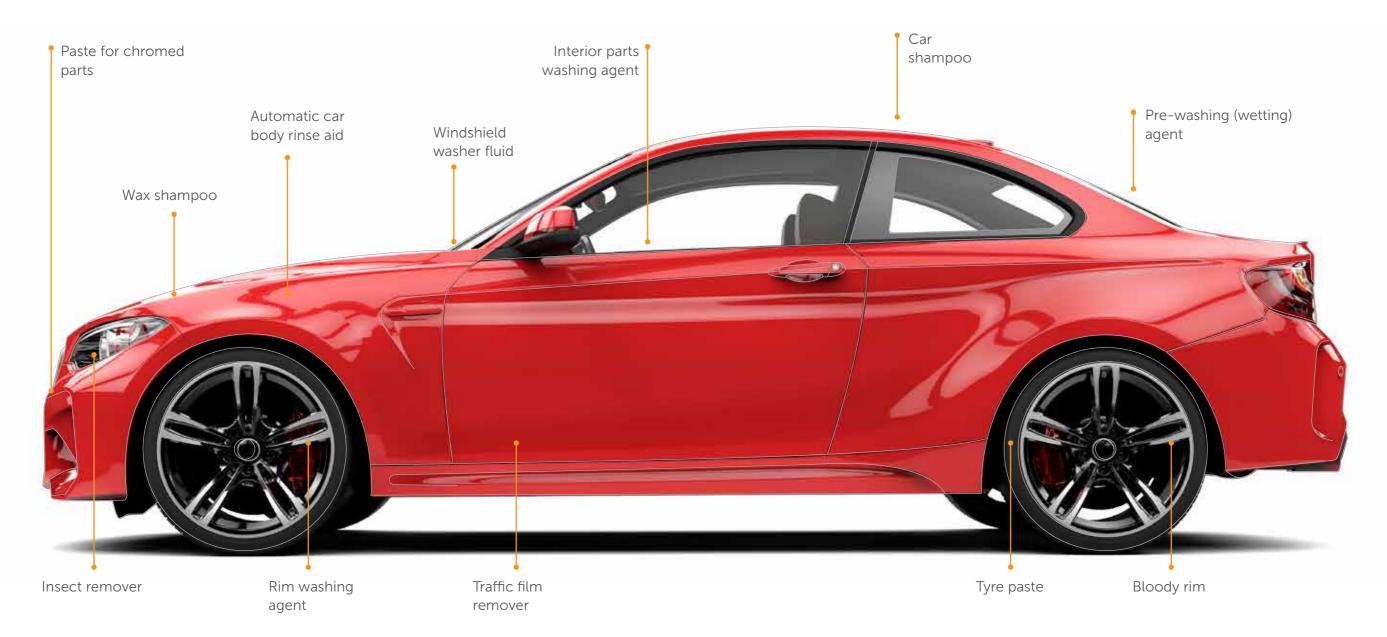
Product name	Chemical structure	CAS	Freezing point	Alkali resistance	Acid resistance	Detergency - 2 g/l of product at 40°C on EMPA 125 fabric
ROKAnol NL6	Alcohols, C9-C11, ethoxylated	68439-46-3	5	NaOH - 40 g/l	HCl - 225 ml/l (25% acid - max. Laboratory-tested resistance) Sulphuric(VI) acid - 225 ml/l (25% acid - max. Laboratory-tested resistance)	21 dL
ROKAnol NL9	Alcohols, C9-C11, ethoxylated	68439-46-3	15	NaOH - 90 g/l	HCl - 225 ml/l (25% acid - max. Laboratory-tested resistance) Sulphuric(VI) acid - 225 ml/l (25% acid - max. Laboratory-tested resistance)	15 dL
ROKAnol IT9	Alcohols, C13, branched, ethoxylated	69011-36-5	10	NaOH - 40 g/l	HCI - 225 ml/l (25% acid - max. Laboratory-tested resistance) Sulphuric(VI) acid - 225 ml/l (25% acid - max. Laboratory-tested resistance)	18 dL
ABSNa 30	Benzenemonosulfonic acids, C10-13 alkyl derivatives, sodium salts	68411-30-3	<0	NaOH - 10 g/l	HCI - 100 ml/l Sulphuric(VI) acid - 140 ml/l	17 dL *(tested on ABSNa 50)
ABSNa 60	Benzenemonosulfonic acids, C10-13 alkyl derivatives, sodium salts	68411-30-3	-	NaOH - 10 g/l	HCI - 100 ml/l Sulphuric(VI) acid - 140 ml/l	17 dL *(tested on ABSNa 50)
ROKAnol GA7	Alcohols, C10, ethoxylated	160875-66-1	20	Lack of resistance	HCI - 225 ml/l (25% acid - max. Laboratory-tested resistance) Sulphuric(VI) acid - 225 ml/l (25% acid - max. Laboratory-tested resistance)	17 dL
ROKAnol GT9	Alcohols, C9-C16, ethoxylated	97043-91-9	8	NaOH - 30 g/l	HCI - 225 ml/l (25% acid - max. Laboratory-tested resistance) Sulphuric(VI) acid - 225 ml/l (25% acid - max. Laboratory-tested resistance)	17 dL
ROKAnol L7	Alcohols, C12-14, ethoxylated	68439-50-9	10	NaOH - 50 g/l	HCI - 225 ml/l (25% acid - max. Laboratory-tested resistance) Sulphuric(VI) acid - 225 ml/l (25% acid - max. Laboratory-tested resistance)	17 dL
SULFOROKAnol L270/1	Alcohols, C12-C14, ethoxylated (<2.5 TE), sulphated, sodium salts	68891-38-3	10	NaOH - 20 g/l	HCI - 100 ml/l Sulphuric(VI) acid - 140 ml/l	13 dL
ROKAnol GA7W	Alcohols, C10, ethoxylated	160875-66-1	0	Lack of resistance	HCI - 225 ml/l (25% acid - max. Laboratory-tested resistance) Sulphuric(VI) acid - 225 ml/l (25% acid - max. Laboratory-tested resistance)	13 dL

 $NaOH \ (sodium \ hydroxide): tested \ hydroxide \ concentration: 30\% \ (10\ g/l\ is\ the\ minimum\ tested\ quantity\ of\ NaOH\ solution\ in\ the\ product, 390\ g/l\ is\ the\ maximum\ tested\ quantity\ of\ NaOH\ solution\ in\ the\ product, 390\ g/l\ is\ the\ maximum\ tested\ quantity\ of\ NaOH\ solution\ in\ the\ product, 390\ g/l\ is\ the\ maximum\ tested\ quantity\ of\ NaOH\ solution\ in\ the\ product, 390\ g/l\ is\ the\ maximum\ tested\ quantity\ of\ NaOH\ solution\ in\ the\ product, 390\ g/l\ is\ the\ maximum\ tested\ quantity\ of\ NaOH\ solution\ in\ the\ product, 390\ g/l\ is\ the\ maximum\ tested\ quantity\ of\ NaOH\ solution\ in\ the\ product, 390\ g/l\ is\ the\ maximum\ tested\ quantity\ of\ NaOH\ solution\ in\ the\ product, 390\ g/l\ is\ the\ maximum\ tested\ quantity\ of\ NaOH\ solution\ in\ the\ product, 390\ g/l\ is\ the\ product, 390\ g/l\ is\$

HCI (hydrochloric acid) and H_2SO_4 (sulphuric acid(VI)): tested acid concentration is 25% (10 ml/l is the minimum tested quantity of hydrochloric acid solution in the product, 225 ml/l is the maximum tested quantity of acid in the product)













Wetting agent – improved distribution effect and liquid penetration by reduced surface tension

Product name	Chemical structure	CAS	Freezing point	Alkali resistance	Acid resistance	Wettability 1 g/l
ROKAnol NL6	Alcohols, C9-C11, ethoxylated	68439-46-3	5	NaOH - 40 g/l	HCI - 225 ml/l (25% acid - max. Laboratory-tested resistance) Sulphuric(VI) acid - 225 ml/l (25% acid - max. Laboratory-tested resistance)	17 s
ROKAnol NL9	Alcohols, C9-C11, ethoxylated	68439-46-3	15	NaOH - 90 g/l	HCI - 225 ml/l (25% acid - max. Laboratory-tested resistance) Sulphuric(VI) acid - 225 ml/l (25% acid - max. Laboratory-tested resistance)	16 s
ROKAnol GT9	Alcohols, C9-C16, ethoxylated	97043-91-9	8	NaOH - 30 g/l	HCI - 225 ml/l (25% acid - max. Laboratory-tested resistance) Sulphuric(VI) acid - 225 ml/l (25% acid - max. Laboratory-tested resistance)	15 s
ROKAnol IT7	Alcohols C13, branched, ethoxylated	69011-36-5	2	NaOH - 10 g/l	Lack of resistance	11 s
ROKAnol ID7	Alcohols, C9-11-iso-, C-10-rich, ethoxylated	78330-20-8	6	NaOH - 60 g/l	HCI - 225 ml/l (25% acid - max. Laboratory-tested resistance) Sulphuric(VI) acid - 225 ml/l (25% acid - max. Laboratory-tested resistance)	19 s
ROKAnol IT9	Alcohols, C13, branched, ethoxylated	69011-36-5	10	NaOH - 40 g/l	HCI - 225 ml/l (25% acid - max. Laboratory-tested resistance) Sulphuric(VI) acid - 225 ml/l (25% acid - max. Laboratory-tested resistance)	15 s
ROKAnol LP3135	Alcohols, C9-11-iso-, C10-rich, ethoxylated, propoxylated	154518-36-2	-6	NaOH - 10 g/l	HCI - 225 ml/l (25% acid - max. Laboratory-tested resistance) Sulphuric(VI) acid - 225 ml/l (25% acid - max. Laboratory-tested resistance)	20 s
ROKAnol GA7	Alcohols, C10, ethoxylated	160875-66-1	20	Lack of resistance	HCI - 225 ml/l (25% acid - max. Laboratory-tested resistance) Sulphuric(VI) acid - 225 ml/l (25% acid - max. Laboratory-tested resistance)	13 s

NaOH (sodium hydroxide): tested hydroxide concentration: 30% (10 g/l is the minimum tested quantity of NaOH solution in the product, 390 g/l is the maximum tested quantity of NaOH solution in the product)

HCI (hydrochloric acid) and H₂SO₄ (sulphuric acid(VI)): tested acid concentration is 25% (10 ml/l is the minimum tested quantity of hydrochloric acid solution in the product, 225 ml/l is the maximum tested quantity of acid in the product)



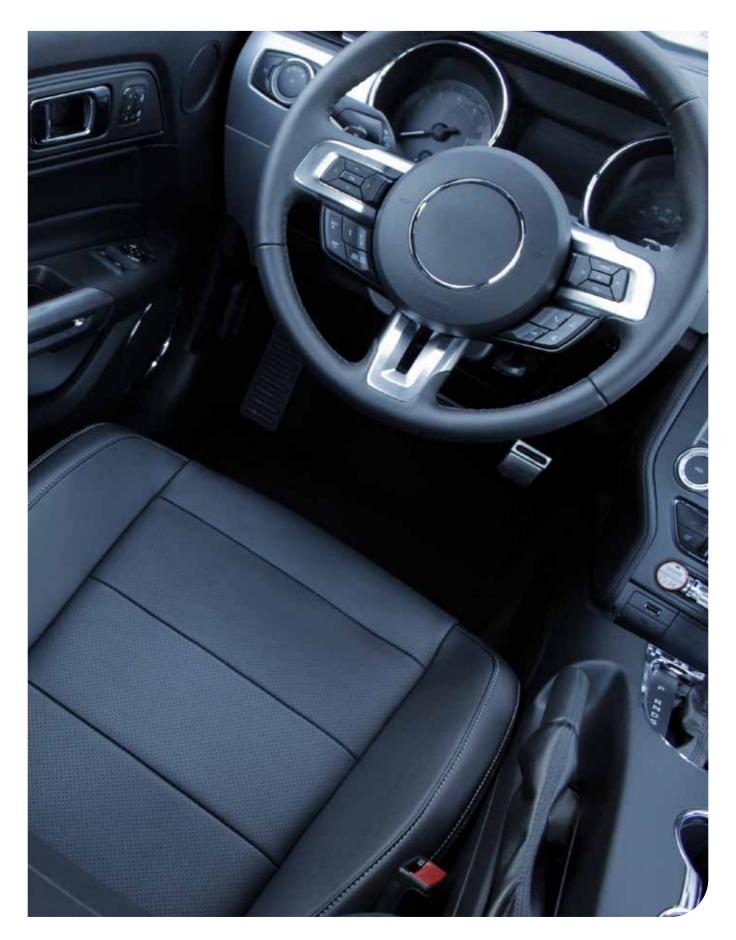


Complexing agent – reduced water hardness by bonding metal ions and solving scale on the surface of equipment

Product name	Chemical structure	CAS	Freezing point	Alkali resistance	Acid resistance
EXOlat MC60	Aqueous solution of sodium salts of acrylate-maleic copolymer	Polymer	Approx. 0	Lack of resistance in the tested range	HCI - 225 ml/l (25% acid - max. Laboratory-tested resistance) Sulphuric(VI) acid - 225 ml/l (25% acid - max. Laboratory-tested resistance)
EXOlat C40	Aqueous solution of sodium salt of polyacrylic acid	9003-04-7	Approx. 0	Lack of resistance	HCI - 225 ml/l (25% acid - max. Laboratory-tested resistance) Sulphuric(VI) acid - 225 ml/l (25% acid - max. Laboratory-tested resistance)

Antistatic agent – prevention of electrostatic effects on metals and fabrics surfaces

Product name	Chemical structure	CAS	Freezing point	Alkali resistance	Acid resistance
ROKAmin K15K	Ethoxylated and quaternized fatty amine	68989-03-7	<0	NaOH - 140 g/l	HCI - 225 ml/l (25% acid - max. Laboratory-tested resistance) Sulphuric(VI) acid - 225 ml/l (25% acid - max. Laboratory-tested resistance)
ROKAmin SRK8	Ethoxylated and quaternized fatty amine	Polymer	-18	NaOH - 100 g/l	Sulphuric(VI) acid - 140 ml/l (25% acid - max. Laboratory-tested resistance)
ROKAmin SRK8P4	Ethoxylated and quaternized fatty amine	Polymer	<-20°C	NaOH - 50 g/l	Sulphuric(VI) acid - 140 ml/l (25% acid - max. Laboratory-tested resistance)
Tequat LC90i	Mixture of quaternary methylsulphate of fatty acid diesters with triethanolami- ne in isopropanol	Mixture	40	Lack of resistance	HCI - 225 ml/l (25% acid - max. Laboratory-tested resistance) Sulphuric(VI) acid - 225 ml/l (25% acid - max. Laboratory-tested resistance)





Foam stabilizer – production and maintenance of a stable and dense foam

Product name	Chemical structure	CAS	Freezing point	Alkali resistance	Acid resistance	Foam stability - Ross-Miles foaming power - 1 g/l of active substance after 30 s/180 s/300 s - demi water	Foam stability - Ross-Miles foaming power - 1 g/l of active substance after 30 s/180 s/300 s - hard water
ROKamina K40HC	1-Propanaminium, 3-amino-N(carboxymethylo)-N,N-dimethy-l-even N-C8-18-acyl derivatives, hydroxides, inert salts	61789-40-0	-15	NaOH - 200 g/l	HCI - 225 ml/l (25% acid - max. Laboratory-tested resistance) Sulphuric(VI) acid - 225 ml/l (25% acid - max. Laboratory-tested resistance)	330 ml/ 320 ml/320 ml	320 ml/310 ml/310 ml
ROKAmina K30K	1-Propanaminium, 3-amino-N(carboxymethylo)-N,N-dimethyl-, even N-C8-18-acyl derivatives, hydroxides, inert salts	61789-40-0	około 0	NaOH - 200 g/l	HCI - 225 ml/l (25% acid - max. Laboratory-te- sted resistance) Sulphuric(VI) acid - 225 ml/l (25% acid - max. Laboratory-tested resistance)	380 ml/370 ml/360 ml	390 ml/370 ml/370 ml
ROKAmid KAD/2A	Amides, C8-18 (even) and C18 unsaturated, N,N-bis(hydroxyethyl)	68155-07-7	6	Lack of resistance	Lack of resistance	70 ml/60 ml/50 ml	50 ml/40 ml/40 ml
ROKAmid MRZ17	Mixture of ethoxylated amides of rape oil acids and ethoxylated glycerine	221045-17-6	20	NaOH – 90 g/l	Sulphuric(VI) acid - 225 ml/l (25% acid - max. Laboratory-tested resistance)	160 ml/160 ml/150 ml	100 ml/100 ml/90 ml

Rinse aid agent – formation of a rinse aid surface polishing layer

Product name	Chemical structure	CAS	Freezing point	Alkali resistance	Acid resistance
ROKAmin K15K	Ethoxylated and quaternized fatty amine	68989-03-7	<0	NaOH - 140 g/l	HCI - 225 ml/l (25% acid - max. Laboratory- -tested resistance) Sulphuric(VI) acid - 225 ml/l (25% acid - max. Laboratory-tested resistance)
ROKAmin SRK8	Ethoxylated and quaternized fatty amine	Polymer	-18	NaOH - 100 g/l	Sulphuric(VI) acid - 140 ml/l (25% acid - max. Laboratory-tested resistance)

Drying agent – making the surface hydrophobic to facilitate the drainage of water drops

Product name	Chemical structure	CAS	Freezing point	Alkali resistance	Acid resistance
ROKAmin K15K	Ethoxylated and quaternized fatty amine	68989-03-7	<0	NaOH - 140 g/l	HCI - 225 ml/l (25% acid - max. Laboratory- -tested resistance) Sulphuric(VI) acid - 225 ml/l (25% acid - max. Laboratory-tested resistance)
ROKAmin K5	Alkyl amines C12-18, ethoxylated	61791-14-8	-14	NaOH - 50g/l	HCI - 225 ml/l (25% acid - max. Laboratory- -tested resistance) Sulphuric(VI) acid - 225 ml/l (25% acid - max. Laboratory-tested resistance)



Antifoaming agent – extinguishing or reduction of the foam level in formulation

Product name	Chemical structure	CAS	Freezing point	Alkali resistance	Acid resistance	Foam stability - Ross-Miles foaming power - 1 g/l of active substance after 30 s/180 s/300 s - demi water	Foam stability - Ross-Miles foaming power - 1 g/l of active substance after 30 s/180 s/300 s - hard water
ROKAnol LP3943	Alcohols, C9-11-iso-, C10-rich, ethoxylated, propoxylated	154518-36-2	-6	Lack of resistance	Lack of resistance	30/0/0	10/0/0
ROKAnol LP100	Polyoxyalkylglycol ether of fatty alcohol	Polymer	9	NaOH – 50 g/l	HCI - 225 ml/l (25% acid - max. Laboratory-tested resistance) Sulphuric(VI) acid - 225 ml/l (25% acid - max. Laboratory-tested resistance)	230/70/50	200/60/50
ROKAmer 1000	Block copolymer of ethylene oxide and propylene oxide	9003-11-6	< -20	Lack of resistance	Lack of resistance	0/0/0	0/0/0
ROKAmer 2000	Block copolymer of ethylene oxide and propylene oxide	9003-11-6	< -20	Lack of resistance	HCI - 225 ml/l (25% acid - max. Laboratory-te- sted resistance)	0/0/0	0/0/0
ROKAmer 2600	Block copolymer of ethylene oxide and propylene oxide	9003-11-6	<-20	NaOH – 10 g/l	HCI - 225 ml/l (25% acid - max. Laboratory-tested resistance)	0/0/0	0/0/0
ROKAmer PP2000	Polyoxypropylenodiol	25322-69-4	<-20	Absence in the tested range	HCI – 225 ml/l	0/0/0	0/0/0
ROKAmer PP4000	Polyoxypropylenodiol	25322-69-4	-5	Absence in the tested range	HCI – 225 ml/l	0/0/0	0/0/0
ROKAnol RZ4P11	Alcohols, C16-C18, ethoxylated, propoxylated	68002-96-0	0	Lack of resistance	HCl – 90 ml/l	0/0/0	0/0/0
ROKAmer G3500	Glycerine, ethoxylated, propoxylated	9082-00-2	<-15	NaOH – 20 g/l	HCI – 225 ml/l	0/0/0	0/0/0
EXOantifoam S100	Mixture of surfactants	Mixture	0	NaOH – absence in the tested range	HCI – absence in the tested range	0/0/0	0/0/0



PCC EXOL SA Sustainable technologies for new generations



PCC EXOL SA is a company that combines cutting-edge technologies with rich experience in the production of surfactants (surface active agents). The company is seated in Brzeg Dolny (Poland), where s anionic, non-ionic and amphoteric surfactants production plants are located. With its flexible production processes, the company offers a wide spectrum of surfactants and industrial formulations, which are often suited to individual customers operating in various industry sectors. As one of leading surfactant manufacturers, PCC EXOL SA carries out new investment projects and implements innovative technologies based on global sustainability trends.

The offered surfactants have a very broad range of application. Aside from the mass production for personal care products industry, cosmetics and detergents, the substances produced by PCC EXOL SA also include specialised products used in various industries, such as textiles, agrochemicals, metal machining, oil drilling, building & construction, paints & coatings, paper industry, extraction & drilling, and many others.

Their comprehensive portfolio is continuously extended by new, innovative products, so the company can meet even the strictest market requirements and adapt to individual needs

of customers. This is possible due to the dynamic development of the research facilities, flexible production as well as the knowledge and experienced personnel. PCC EXOL SA have the key competence necessary for a worldwide production of surfactants. The ongoing projects will soon bring new opportunities for the company further development and expansion into new markets. The company offers not only a wide portfolio and professional servicing but most of all flexible production and comprehensive system solutions that suit individual customer demands.

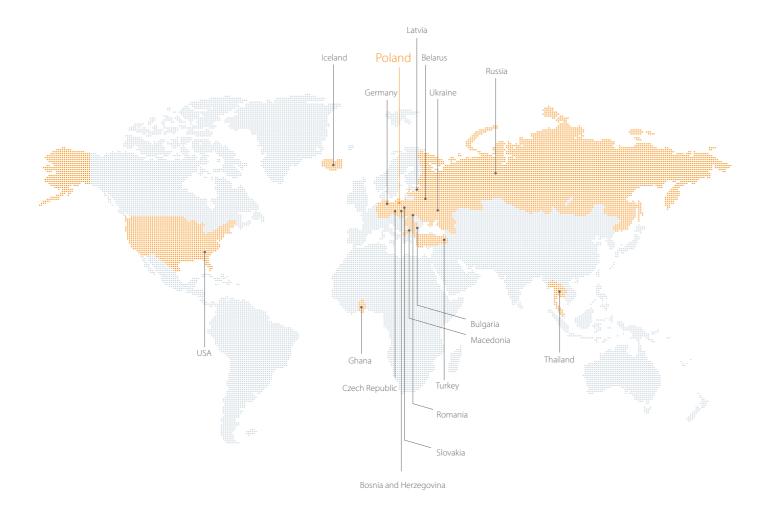
The strategic investor in PCC EXOL SA is PCC SE, operating on international markets of chemical raw materials, transport, energy, coal, coke, petrol, plastics and metallurgy. PCC SE includes 82 companies operating in 41 different locations in 18 countries.

CLEANING AND CARE OF VEHICLES - RAW MATERIALS AND CHEMICAL ADDITIVES

	-	
	_ '	_



PCC Group in the world



PCC Rokita SA

PCC Rokita Capital Group, 30 companies, including: PCC Rokita SA

PCC Prodex Sp. z o.o.
PCC Prodex GmbH (Germany)
PCC PU Sp. z o.o.
IRPC PCC Co. Ltd. (Thailand)
PCC Therm Sp. z o.o.

PCC EXOL SA

PCC EXOL Capital Group, 5 companies, including: PCC EXOL SA

PCC Chemax Inc. (the USA)
PCC EXOL Kimya Sanayi Ve Ticaret Limited Şirketi (Turkey)

PCC CP Kosmet Sp. z o.o.

Capital Group PCC CP Kosmet, 3 companies, including: PCC CP Kosmet Sp. z o.o.

OOO PCC Consumer Products Navigator (Belarus)
OOO PCC Consumer Products (Russia)

PCC MCAA Sp. z o.o.

PCC Autochem Sp. z o.o.

PCC Intermodal SA

In accordance with our environmental concerns, this publication from the PCC Group was printed on Cocoon Silk - an ecological double-sided-coated matt paper. This paper is made of 100% waste paper via environment-friendly technology. The FSC® Certificate confirms that the raw materials used during the paper production process come from well-managed forests or other certified and controlled sources.



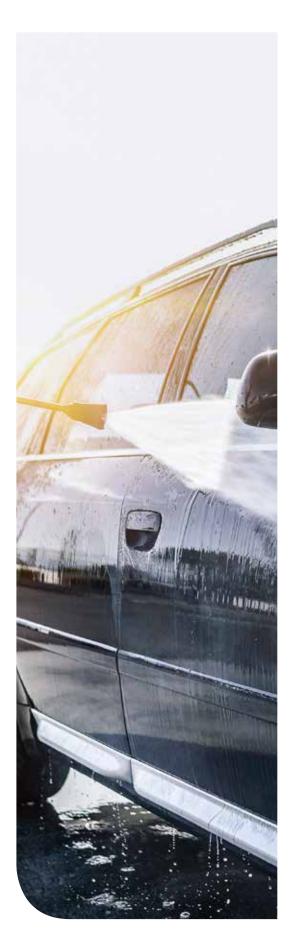
TEXT PAGES	
Brand	Cocoon Silk
Grammage	150
Number of pages	12
COVER PAGES	
Brand	Cocoon Silk
Grammage	250
Number of pages	4
PUBLICATION	
Size (cm)	21 x 29.7
Quantity	100

By using Cocoon Silk rather than non-recycled paper, the environmental impact was reduced by:

15		kg of landfill
2	CO ₂	kg CO ₂ and greenhouse gases
20		km travel in the average European car
566	\bigcirc	litres of water
32	4	kWh of energy
24		kg of wood

Carbon footprint data evaluated by Labelia Conseil in accordance with the Bilan Carbone® methodology. Calculations are based on a comparison between recycled paper used versus a virgin fibre paper - according to the latest European BREF data (virgin fibre paper) available.

30 www.products.pcc.eu 31



PCC Exol SA Sienkiewicza 4 56-120 Brzeg Dolny Poland

www.products.pcc.eu

Please visit our capital group business platform:

www.products.pcc.eu

The information in the catalogue is believed to be accurate and to the best of our knowledge, but should be considered as introductory only. Detailed information about our products is available in TDS and MSDS.

Suggestions for product applications are based on the best of our knowledge.

The responsibility for the use of products in conformity or otherwise with the suggested application and for determining product suitability for your own purposes rests with the user.

All copyright, trademark rights and other intellectual and industrial property rights and the resulting rights to use this publication and its contents have been transferred to PCC EXOL SA or its licensors. All rights reserved.

Users/readers are not entitled to reproduce this publication in whole or in part, nor are they entitled to reproduce it (excluding reproduction for personal use) or to transfer it to third parties.

Permission to reproduce it for personal use does not apply in respect to data used in other publications, in electronic information systems, or in other media publications. PCC EXOL SA shall not be responsible for data published by users.

